

FAREHAM

BOROUGH COUNCIL

Report to Scrutiny Board

Date **4 July 2013**

Report of: **Director of Regulatory and Democratic Services**

Subject: **ANNUAL REPORT ON THE PERFORMANCE OF FAREHAM
COMMUNITY SAFETY PARTNERSHIP**

SUMMARY

The Council's Scrutiny Board has been designated as the Council's Committee with power to review or scrutinise decisions made or actions taken by the Fareham Community Safety Partnership. This report provides members of the Scrutiny Board with an overview of the work undertaken by Fareham's Community Safety Partnership and the partnership's performance to date.

RECOMMENDATION

The Panel is requested to note the performance and progress made by Fareham's Community Safety Partnership and the risks and challenges it faces in the future.

INTRODUCTION

1. On 30 April 2009 those provisions of the Police and Justice Act that related to overview and scrutiny of crime and disorder matters came into effect. These provisions required every local authority to have a committee (the "crime and disorder committee") with power to review or scrutinise decisions made or action taken in connection with the discharge of crime and disorder functions by the responsible authorities. In order to clarify and confirm arrangements for meeting the Council's duty in this regard, the Council **RESOLVED** at a meeting on 23 April 2009, that the Council's Scrutiny Board be designated as the Council's crime and disorder committee and that the Council's duties and functions in this regard be delegated to the Board.
2. The powers to scrutinise are given to the scrutiny function of all local authorities by sections 19 and 20 of the Police and Justice Act 2006, as amended by section 126 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007. Regulations have been passed under section 20 of the 2006 Act, and these provide local authorities with a framework for the development of an ongoing relationship between Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnerships (CSPs) and scrutiny bodies.
3. The Board should be undertaking reviews of the performance of the Partnership. Guidance suggests that, for the most part, reviews will concentrate on policy and performance matters. Issues relating to individual organisations should normally be pursued through existing scrutiny arrangements within that organisation.
4. When this matter was originally reported to the Scrutiny Board at its meeting on 24 September 2009 it was agreed that an annual report be presented to the Board on the performance of the Fareham Community Safety Partnership, in addition to any community safety issues that the Board may wish to scrutinise.

FAREHAM COMMUNITY SAFETY PARTNERSHIP

5. The Fareham Community Safety Partnership is a long-established and very successful Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnership. It was set up under section 5 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to reduce crime and disorder in the borough of Fareham. The Partnership is made up of "responsible authorities" together with "co-operating bodies and persons". The last year has seen a change in statutory partnership members with the loss of the Police Authority and Primary Care Trust and the introduction of the Clinical Commissioning Groups. The responsible authorities have statutory duties on the Partnership and are:-

Fareham Borough Council;
Hampshire County Council;
Hampshire Constabulary;
Hampshire Fire Authority;
Hampshire Fire and Rescue Service;
The Probation Trust; and
Fareham and Gosport Clinical Commissioning Group.

6. From 1 April 2013 Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) replaced Primary Care Trusts as statutory partners on CSPs. CCGs have a duty to:-

- participate in a strategic assessment of crime and disorder, anti-social behaviour, reducing re-offending and drug and alcohol misuse for the CSP area in which they fall;
- contribute to the development of local strategies that effectively deal with the issues which are identified.

There are many areas which both CSPs and CCGs may have jointly or separately identified as priorities either through developing the joint health and wellbeing strategy or through the CSP. These include:-

- reducing alcohol and drug misuse;
- reducing domestic and sexual violence;
- improving access to mental health services;
- reducing anti-social behaviour;
- reducing street and youth violence;
- strengthening child and vulnerable adult safeguarding services.

There are many advantages for all community safety partners in working together with CCGs, in particular, creating aligned strategies across health and wellbeing and CSP agendas provides the opportunity to improve care, reduce duplication of effort and identify and implement possible efficiencies for all agencies involved.

AIM AND PURPOSE OF THE PARTNERSHIP

7. The aim of the partnership is to develop and build upon partnership working between all agencies in order to create a safer Fareham by reducing crime and disorder, including the fear of crime and contribute to making Fareham a safe place to live, work and visit. A Partnership Agreement is in place, that all partners are signed up to and this clearly sets out the vision, aims and objectives of the partnership and the general governance arrangements relating to the operation of the partnership.
8. The importance of the Partnership is reflected in the Council's corporate priority, a safe and healthy place to live and work and this is delivered through the corporate improvement action 7, to work with the Community Safety Partnership to continue to reduce anti-social behaviour and crime in Fareham.
9. Appendix A highlights the actual groups and relationships between them in delivering community safety in Fareham.

POLICE AND CRIME COMMISSIONER

10. On the 15 November 2012 Police Authorities in England and Wales were abolished and the Police and Crime Commissioners were introduced via the election process. Simon Hayes was elected as Hampshire's first Police and Crime Commissioner (PCC). The PCC's main responsibilities are to:-

- secure an efficient and effective police force in their area;
 - appoint the Chief Constable, and hold them to account for the running of the force and if necessary dismiss them;
 - set the Police and Crime objectives for their area by producing a five year Police and Crime Plan (in consultation with the Chief Constable) and set an annual force budget and police precept;
 - produce an annual report setting out their progress against the objectives in the Police and Crime Plan;
 - contribute to the national and international policing capabilities set out by the Home Secretary in the Strategic Policing Requirement;
 - co-operate with the criminal justice system in their area;
 - work with partners and fund Community Safety activity to tackle crime and disorder.
11. In the first 100 days, the PCC appointed a new Chief Constable following the departure into a new role of the previous Chief Constable, set the force budget and police precept and produced the Police and Crime Plan.
12. The PCC visited Fareham Community Safety Partnership in April 2013 and said "I've been very impressed with Fareham's Community Safety Partnership; the different agencies are working together with one purpose. The work that's done is innovative and successful to protect the residents from harm. There are social problems that need to be addressed in the community in Fareham and the CSP supports people, addresses those problems and tries to reduce reoffending".

POLICE AND CRIME PLAN

13. The PCC's Police and Crime Plan focuses on four key priority areas that are designed to cut crime, protect the public and make communities safer. The PCC's four priorities are:-
- Improving frontline policing to deter criminals and keep communities safe;
 - Place victims and witnesses at the heart of policing and wider criminal justice system;
 - Work together to reduce crime and anti-social behaviour;
 - Reduce re-offending.
14. Fareham's Community Safety Strategy incorporates the above priorities and ensures that the partnership delivers outcomes based on them.

POLICE AND CRIME PANEL

15. Alongside the relationship that councils have with PCCs through the Community Safety Partnership, they have a direct role in holding commissioners to account. A

Police and Crime Panel (PCP) has been established in Hampshire to scrutinise the PCC and support him in the effective exercise of his functions.

16. Following a meeting of Full Council on 10 May 2012, Councillor Arthur Mandry was appointed as the Council's representative on the Police and Crime Panel and Councillor Cartwright appointed the deputy. This arrangement provides the Community Safety Partnership and the Council with a direct link.

The Police and Crime Panel's main responsibilities are to:-

- Require the commissioner or a member of their staff to attend the panel to answer questions;
- Appoint an acting commissioner if the commissioner were to resign or be dismissed;
- If considered appropriate and necessary veto the PCC's proposed precept;
- If considered appropriate and necessary veto the PCC's proposed appointment of a Chief Constable.

COUNTY STRATEGY GROUP FOR CRIME AND DISORDER

17. The role of this County group has changed since the introduction of the Police and Crime Commissioner as previously it was this group that used to administer the safer community grants to the district Community Safety Partnerships and other agencies. However this has now changed and the PCC is now responsible for managing this budget and awarding funding to the Community Safety Partnerships who in turn have to bid for the funding required in competition with all the other Community Safety Partnerships, groups and agencies.
18. However there is still a role for the County Strategy group in that it provides an interface between all the Community Safety Partnerships and the PCC and as such provides the opportunity to bid for funding and for the County wide commissioning of services and community safety initiatives such as the Integrated Offender Management programme (IOM).

COMMUNITY TASKING AND CO-ORDINATING GROUP

19. The Community Tasking and Co-ordinating Group (CTCG) is a multi-agency group which meets at the Police Station every fortnight. Membership of the group is not exclusive however there is a core membership that is considered crucial to the overall effectiveness of the group. Members are expected to have delegated authority to be able to commit resources to the process and make decisions on behalf of the organisation they represent. This is usually in terms of officer time that may require organisations to divert resources in order to help address a particular issue. The core membership is:
 - Community Safety Analyst (FBC)
 - Chair of the Community Safety Partnership (FBC)
 - Community Safety Manager (FBC)
 - Station Manager or Community Safety Officer (HF&R)

- Accredited Community Support Officers (ACSO's)
 - Youth Service (HCC)
 - Licensing (Police and FBC)
 - Enforcement Team (FBC)
 - District Chief Inspector
 - Sector Inspector
 - Neighbourhood Sergeants
 - Hampshire Youth Offending Team Police Officer
 - Administrative Support (FBC).
20. During the meeting individuals and the agencies they represent are tasked to carry out actions. Those individuals/agencies report back to the CTCG on progress and or the outcome of the task and the fact that this occurs on a fortnightly basis enables progress to be closely monitored and reports and actions followed up. The items discussed are of a geographical nature with an opportunity to refer individuals to the ASB Panel.
21. The CTCG now utilises information from Command Central and Crime Reports (Police records systems) to effectively task partners and use resources astutely. Use of Safetynet by all community safety partners ensures that cases can be managed effectively.

CRIME REDUCTION STRATEGY 2011-2013

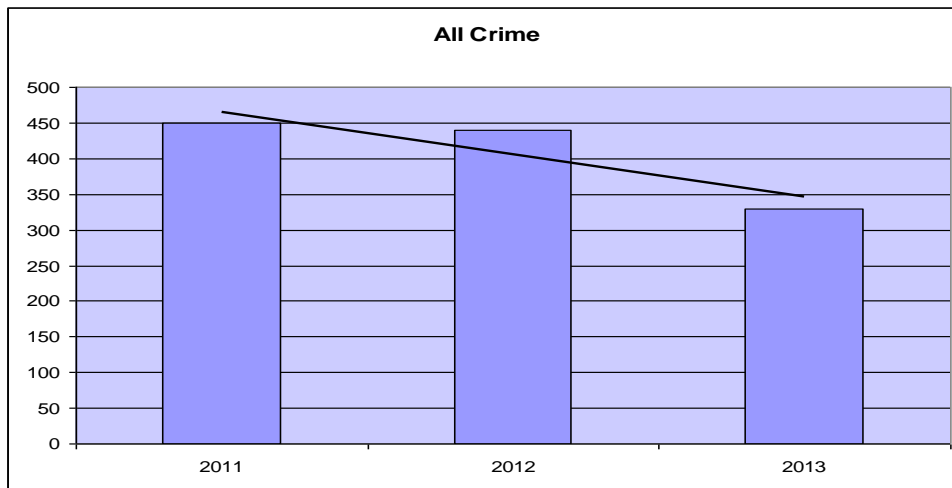
22. Fareham Community Safety Partnership's latest Strategic Assessment identified 6 main areas of concern, adding 2 extra priorities (marked*) to the 4 that were already in place. Priorities that were identified and subsequently included in the current Strategy are:-
- reducing and preventing anti-social behaviour
 - criminal damage (including arson)
 - violent crime (including domestic abuse)
 - reducing crimes related to alcohol and drugs
 - preventing and reducing reoffending*
 - public reassurance and community engagement* .
23. A work programme and an action plan are produced annually to ensure that actions identified under each priority area that help reduce and prevent crime are delivered within a timely period and allocated appropriate funding. A lead agency and a member of the Community Safety Team are identified to deliver the actions and a target date set for each action to be completed. The actions are reviewed quarterly by the Performance Group and reported to the full CSP meeting and complement the priorities set in the PCC's Police and Crime Plan.

PERFORMANCE AND ACHIEVEMENTS

24. Fareham's Community Safety Partnership has consistently been 2nd in Hampshire and 2nd nationally in its most similar family group throughout 2012.

All Crime

25. The table below depicts the downward trend in overarching crime recorded in April 2011, 2012 and 2013. There has been a 25% (106 incidents) reduction when comparing April 2013 to April 2012.



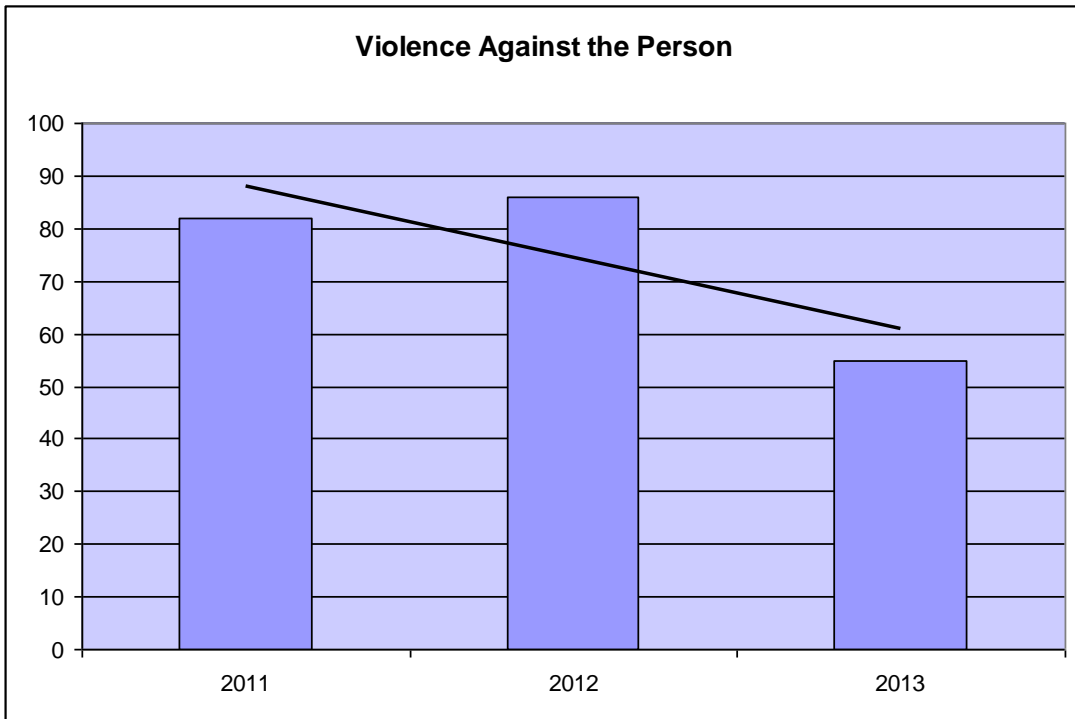
26. The table below details All Crimes and Anti-Social Behaviour types specific to partners at April 2013. There has been a downward trend in overarching crime recorded in April 2011, 2012 and 2013. There has been a 25% (106 incidents) reduction when comparing the financial year ending 31 March 2013 to the previous ending 31 March 2012; and a reduction of 26.7% (120 incidents) when comparing the year ending 31 March 2013 to the previous ending 31 March 2011.

April				% change 2012 to 13	Volume change 2012 to 13
All Crime	2011	2012	2013		
1a Violence Against Person	82	86	55	-36.05	-31
1b Sexual Offences	8	9	16	77.78	7
1c Robbery	0	2	2	0.00	0
2a House Burglary	16	20	6	-70.00	-14
2b Other Burglary	30	28	17	-39.29	-11
3a Theft of Motor Vehicle	8	3	3	0.00	0
3b Theft from Motor Vehicle	21	19	38	100.00	19
3c Other theft and handling	83	91	70	-23.08	-21
3d Shop theft	51	42	50	19.05	8
4 Fraud & Forgery	23	14	9	-35.71	-5
5 Criminal Damage & Arson	107	78	38	-51.28	-40
6 Drugs	15	37	17	-54.05	-20
7 Other Offences	5	10	8	-20.00	-2
All Crime Totals	449	439	329	-25.06	-110
				% change 2012 to 13	Volume change 2012 to 13
Anti-Social Behaviour	2011	2012	2013		
Littering/Drugs Paraphernalia	N/A	5	3	-40.00	-2
Neighbours	N/A	32	57	78.13	25
Noise	N/A	15	6	-60.00	-9
Rowdy and Inconsiderate	N/A	105	96	-8.57	-9
Vehicle Related Nuisance	N/A	22	15	-31.82	-7
Total	N/A	179	177	-1.12	-2

Community Safety Priorities 2011-12

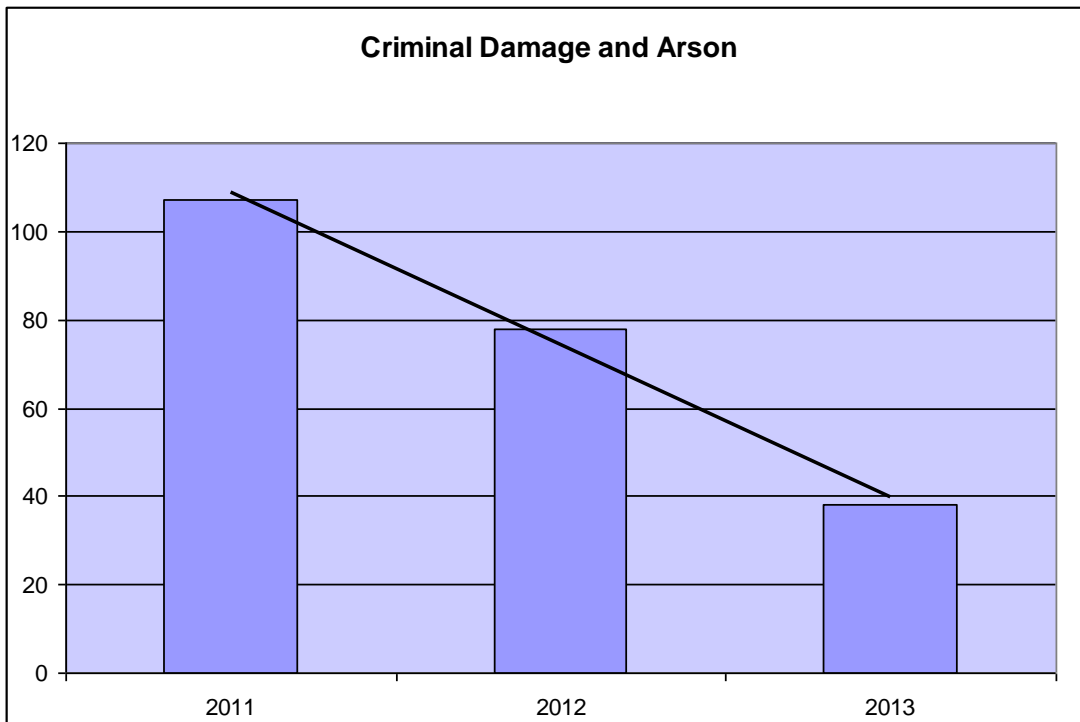
Violence Against the Person

27. The graph below shows the general downward trend in recorded Violence Against the Person for April 2011, 2012, 2013, with a slight peak recorded in April 2012. A reduction of 36% (31 incidents) was recorded when comparing April 2013 to April 2012.



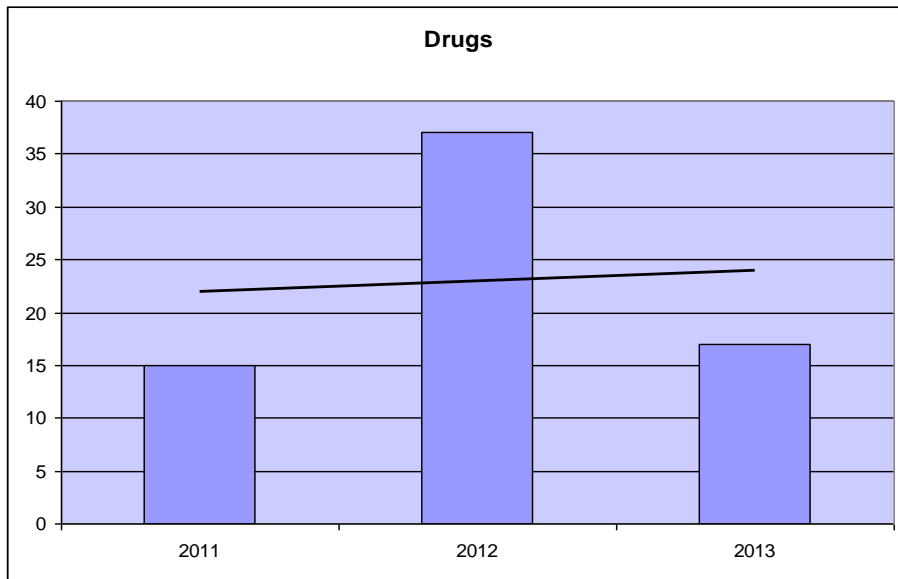
Criminal Damage and Arson

28. The table below shows the continued downward trend in recorded Criminal Damage and Arson offences for April 2011, 2012, 2013. A reduction of 51% (40 incidents) was recorded when comparing April 2013 to April 2012



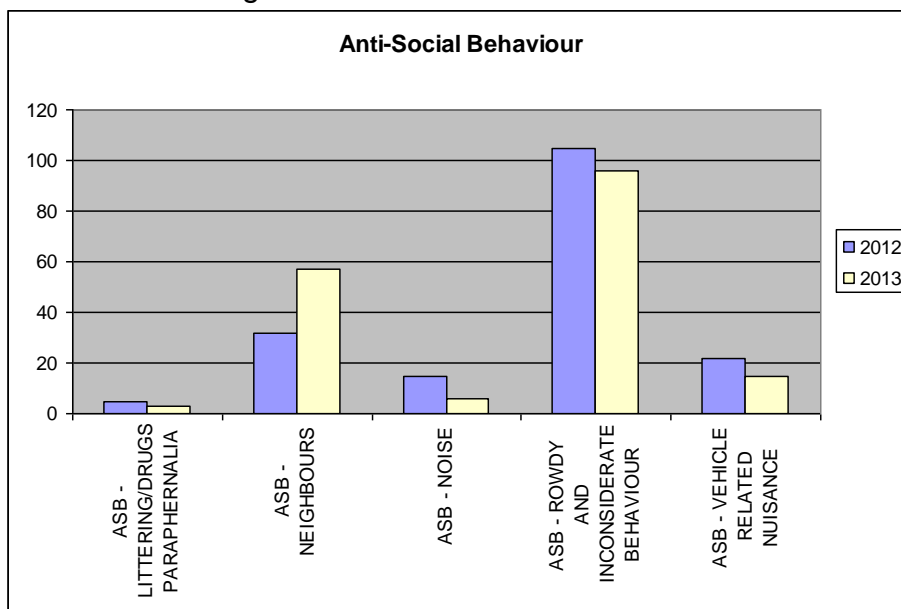
Drugs

29. The table below shows the general upward trend in recorded Drugs offences for April 2011, 2012, 2013. A reduction of 54% (20 incidents) was recorded when comparing April 2013 to April 2012; this does not necessarily indicate either a reduction or increase in drugs offences as the detection of drugs usage is key.

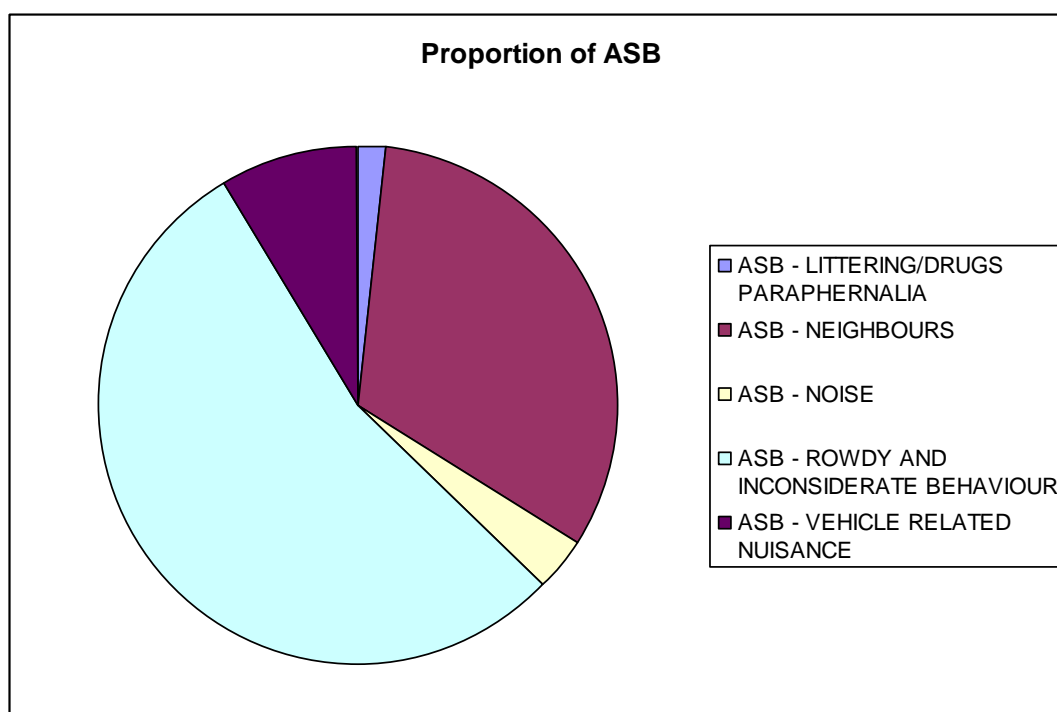


Anti-Social Behaviour

30. Due to the re-categorisation of ASB types in 2011, it is not possible to provide data for three years as with crime types. For Partnership purposes, it is considered most appropriate to report upon certain types of ASB rather than all recorded. Therefore the table below shows the five types of ASB monitored by the Partnership. A slight decrease in Littering/Drugs Paraphernalia, Noise nuisance, Rowdy and Inconsiderate and Vehicle Related Nuisance has been recorded when comparing April 2013 to April 2012. An increase in Neighbour Nuisance has been recorded.



31. The table below shows the proportion of monitored ASB (a total of 177 occurrences). As expected the majority of occurrences are recorded as Rowdy and Inconsiderate Behaviour 54% (96 occurrences); the second most reported ASB at almost a third of the total is Neighbour nuisance 32% (57 occurrences). Analysis is currently being conducted to establish the change in volume of recorded Neighbour and Noise nuisance, as this type of behaviour is resource intensive for all partners. The results will also be of value to support future evaluation post the introduction of Environmental Health Noise cases to Safety Net.



ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR PANEL

32. The Anti-social Behaviour Panel is a monthly multi agency meeting that is jointly delivered with Gosport CSP. The panel successfully tasks agencies to support and manage perpetrators and high risk victims of ASB. The ASB panel supports Fareham CPS's priority of reducing ASB. Any geographical trends are referred to the CTCG.

FAREHAM & GOSPORT DOMESTIC ABUSE FORUM

33. Fareham & Gosport Domestic Abuse Forum is delivered collaboratively with Gosport CSP and delivers the actions that are identified under the violent crime priority. A clear action plan has been set and monitored through the performance group. Working with the new Clinical Commissioning Groups and reforming the MARAC process are some of the action included within this work plan.
34. MARACs - (Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conferences) are multi agency meetings that bring together practitioners that deal with Domestic Violence. The Community Safety Team attends these meetings to discuss high level domestic abuse perpetrators and victims.

FAREHAM SUPPORTING FAMILIES

35. Hampshire Supporting Troubled Families Programme is a 3 year programme that commenced on 1 April 2012. The challenge is to target 1,600 families in Hampshire with multiple, complex issues, delivering new solutions to persistent problems and delivering positive change for families and communities. This programme offers a new, joined up way of improving and transforming the lives of communities across Hampshire.
36. The Senior Responsible Officer for Fareham`s Supporting Families is the Council`s Community Safety Manager who sits on the Fareham Local Children`s Partnership (LCP) Strategic Board, to which the Supporting Families Local Co-ordination Group, which is responsible for delivering the programme, reports. This also provides a key link into the Community Safety Partnership to ensure a joined up and co-ordinated approach.
37. The programme targets families with problems relating to crime, education and unemployment. Families have plans which set out what the key worker or lead agency will do and what the family will do. The programme looks to ensure that children attend school regularly, parents are provided with training so they can get back to work, there are lower levels of crime and anti-social behaviour and that families work better as a unit, able to look after and support each other.
38. In Fareham officers have identified 35 families in year one and completed successful outcomes with 17 of those families.

DOMESTIC HOMICIDE REVIEWS

39. Since April 2011, community safety partnerships have been responsible for undertaking domestic homicide reviews. A clear process has been drafted and contacts made with organisation leads. The Partnership is clear about the procedure and steps to take if a domestic homicide review occurred in Fareham and the community safety manager is currently working with colleagues in Hampshire to ensure that a County wide approach is taken and template and processes aligned throughout Hampshire.

COMMUNITY SAFETY INITIATIVES

40. Fareham's Community Safety Partnership's website <http://www.saferfareham.co.uk/> has been an excellent asset to the partnership enabling public and partners to gain and share information on initiatives and performance. The website is a page on Fareham Council's website and can also be accessed via the Safety tab.
41. The Taxi Marshal Scheme was piloted in Fareham over the Christmas period. An effective evaluation has highlighted the need for Taxi Marshals to support the Night Time Economy in Fareham on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays and they are contracted to work with Police and Licensing to ensure this is an ongoing success. The role is undertaken by a private security firm and it provides detailed daily reports which are reported at the fortnightly Community Tasking and Co-ordination meetings.

42. Fareham's Community Safety Partnership is currently consulting to bring Hampshire County Council's Safe Places Scheme to Fareham. This scheme is part of a wider "respect me" campaign which aims to improve the experience of vulnerable people in the community. The scheme aims to provide vulnerable people, and particularly those with a learning disability, with a safe place to go to where help can be summoned if they are feeling scared or upset while out on their own in the community. The Community Safety Team will work with Connect Advocacy, the town centre management group and local vulnerable groups to deliver this scheme.
43. Fareham's Community Safety Partnership has taken overall control of running Say No and Phone discos (SNAP). These discos are held at Ferneham Hall and attract between 750 and 800 young people on Friday nights throughout the year. The Community Safety Team, Fire Service, Police, Youth Services, councillors and volunteers ensure that this event happens in a safe environment. The Community Safety Partner Agencies provide educational awareness on subjects such as firearms and knife crime, drugs and alcohol, sexual health, skin protection, cycling safety and fire safety.
44. The Community Safety Team delivered an extremely successful summer activities programme in 2012 in collaboration with the Gosport Community Safety Partnership. The evaluation conducted by the Partnership's Data Analyst confirmed that there were 1450 attendees at 13 events. There was a 23% reduction in reported rowdy and inconsiderate behaviour and miscellaneous anti-social behaviour when comparing the month of August 2011. Although the evaluation showed clear efficiency savings, Gosport CSP decided not to work together with Fareham this year as they wanted to concentrate on Gosport young people. This year Fareham's summer diversionary programme "Access All Areas" will run from 29 July to 14 August 2013 and Fareham is working collaboratively with Winchester CSP to deliver the finale "Whestival" in Whiteley, the top hotspot area for anti-social behaviour.
45. Pedal Right is an initiative which addresses serious safety concerns that were raised by police and first bus about cyclists using shared cycle and bus routes during the dark evenings without lights. Pedal right was a partnership initiative that included a press release on considerate cycling, the distribution of free cycle lights by Hampshire County Council and the targeting of repeat offenders by the police.
46. Theft from motor vehicles was identified at CTCG as a peak in crime in April 2013. A large majority of the cases involved cars which had not been locked by their owners. A joint press release was issued reminding drivers of the importance of securing their vehicles. Following the apprehension of one main culprit and the release of this article, theft from vehicles in Fareham is once more at a low level.

CCTV

47. Fareham Borough Council's Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) system is operated jointly with Gosport Borough Council. This has enabled efficiency savings to be made in the provision, operation, maintenance and monitoring of the system as the costs are shared between both Councils.
48. Fareham Borough Council has 44 CCTV cameras placed in strategic areas of the Borough; these CCTV cameras are used for the purpose of:

- Providing a deterrent to crime and anti social behaviour
- Increasing public reassurance by reducing the fear of crime
- To gather evidence to support the detection and prosecution of offences
- Traffic monitoring
- Management of the Council's services.

49. The CCTV Control Room was upgraded in 2009; the upgrade program replaced the outdated control and recording equipment in the CCTV Control Room.
50. The equipment installed included a new command and control system. This solution utilizes the latest software and hardware and incorporates unique mapping and display of camera locations throughout the borough. New keyboard and joystick controls enable operators to quickly control cameras independently as well as pre-programmed tours which can be initiated and amended to suit the operational requirements.
51. Shopwatch and Pubwatch are also linked into the CCTV Control Centre that enables coordinated communication links with the CCTV operators as well as the police.
52. The system is operated 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The cameras not only capture crime but also help local residents and visitors feel safe in their communities. In particular the CCTV cameras monitor the town centre car parks and public areas. This is also an asset to the police and the Council in managing the night time economy.
53. Since the last report to the Scrutiny Board in July 2012 to date, there have been approximately 191 arrests made with the use of CCTV in the Borough of Fareham.

RESIDENTS' SURVEY & COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

54. The last residents' survey conducted in 2012 found that 85% of residents thought that the police and Fareham Borough Council were successfully dealing with crime and anti-social behaviour, compared to 66.9% in 2009.
55. The Community Safety Partnership is represented at all community action team meetings (CATs), initiatives are regularly promoted at council connect, the saferfareham website is kept up to date and members are also kept up to date via information that is placed in the members' newsletter.
56. The Community Safety Team and Police are working with Fareham Neighbourhood Watch to improve information sharing and make best use of the partnership website to promote reporting and the use of the Police 101 system, Crime Reports, Crimestoppers and Safetynet.
57. Fareham's Community Safety Partnership has highlighted four opportunities to officially consult with different resident groups and will also produce a promotional leaflet to celebrate successes the partnership has achieved.

BUDGET, FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS, CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

58. The source of funding to the Community Safety Partnership, other than that of resources from each of the partner agencies is through the PCC **VIA** a bidding process. It is therefore important that the CSP plan complements the Police and Crime Plan and its priorities.
59. Fareham Community Safety Partnership was successful in bidding for £6480 to deliver initiatives identified in Fareham's Community Safety Strategy relating to reducing anti-social behaviour and Night Time Economy. The Partnership also secured a £5000 grant from the Police and Crime Commissioner to deliver Access All Areas.
60. A reduction in funding means that the Partnership has to find different ways of working. Co-location of community safety partners in the Civic Offices which include Hampshire Youth Offending Team, Integrated Offender Management (Probation, Police and Society of St James) and Transform (Motiv8, Barnardos, Step by Step and Family Lives) and Department for Work and Pensions demonstrate the benefit of collaborative working. Sharing of information and knowledge of agencies' profiles makes for innovative working and excellent opportunities to share information.
61. The opportunity to work collaboratively with neighbouring CSPs has been progressed and Fareham works with Gosport with the ASB Panel, Domestic Abuse Forum and the Young Fire Fighters Association. It is also delivering the Access All Areas finale with Winchester CSP. These collaborative areas of work confirm that efficiencies can be made in both time and resource.
62. There are considerable challenges and demands being put on CSPs which include funding and will ultimately impact upon the level of service delivered. Ensuring that evidence based bids are submitted to the PCC and other funding providers is essential to the success of the Partnership.

RISK ASSESSMENT

63. The most significant risk is the availability of resources and funding to deliver the priorities in the plan. The commitment of all the partners is clear and the fact that the work of the partners is well co-ordinated to ensure the best use of resources enables the performance of the Partnership to be maintained.

CONCLUSION

64. The PCC has set out his funding streams and supports local delivery of initiatives to prevent and combat crime. It is therefore important that effective evaluation of successful initiatives is undertaken so that the PCC can see the benefit of local initiatives and the necessity for these to continue as this will be key to securing future funding streams.
65. Fareham's Community Safety Partnership is working collaboratively with Gosport Borough Council and Winchester City Council to ensure that efficiencies are made by delivering initiatives jointly whilst maintaining a reduction of crime in Fareham. Co-location of services is working well in Fareham and needs to be further developed inviting more agencies into the building. Innovative ways of working, including

sponsorship and monitoring risks and performance, will ensure that the Partnership continues to progress.

66. Ensuring that the residents of Fareham feel part of the CSP and contribute to reduction in Crime is essential. Community engagement and empowering residents is a combined priority area for both Fareham CSP and the PCC. Letting residents know how to report crime, access local crime statistics and take part in community safety initiatives and consultations. Sharing of information between partner agencies, mainstreaming community safety within Fareham Borough council will also ensure that all Officers and Councillors know what the Partnership priorities are and how together they can impact positively upon them.
67. Fareham remains a safe place to work, live and visit; however, the Partnership cannot be complacent and must ensure that all initiatives are evaluated and it can prove that its intervention does make a difference.

Background Papers:

None.

Reference Papers:

None.

Appendix A – [Community Safety Flow Chart](#)

Enquiries:

For further information on this report please contact Narinder Bains (Ext 4496).